

From San Francisco:
Chiyo Maru, Sept. 17.
For San Francisco:
Matsonia, Sept. 22.
From Vancouver:
Makura, Oct. 7.
For Vancouver:
Niagara, Oct. 6.

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TIDE OF WAR RUNS HIGH IN FRANCE ENGLAND SAYS NEITHER SIDE YET ABLE TO CLAIM REAL ADVANTAGE

SECOND GREAT BATTLE IN FRANCE BEGUN; RED LINE OF WAR IS 110 MILES LONG

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

LONDON, England, Sept. 16.—A second great engagement between the Allies and the German armies has begun on French soil.

The German rush into France and back is still without decisive results. Neither side is able to claim more than an opening advantage until a pitched battle is won.

The German commander has shown the same skill in conducting a stubborn retreat with his forces still mainly intact as did the Allies, though the Allies have momentarily turned the tables.

The next move is a German one on their chosen ground.

The succession of Austrian defeats, despite attempted German support, is becoming a veritable debacle. Germany must henceforth rely entirely on her own forces.

The story of a victory by the Austrians over the Servians is discounted. Previous similar claims have always been found to end with the Servians ultimately triumphant.

BERLIN SAYS SITUATION IS ALL RIGHT

BERLIN, Germany, Sept. 16.—The general staff says that the western situation is "still favorable," and the Allies nowhere victorious.

PARIS, France, Sept. 16.—Official announcement says that the Germans are fighting today on the defensive, on a line almost due east and west from Verdun, the battle line being about 110 miles long.

During September 14 and 15 the German rear guard was reinforced from the main body. "In the previous pursuit of the enemy," says the Paris announcement, "the Germans abandoned numerous prisoners and we captured a multitude of stragglers in the forts, of which no exact count is yet possible. Therefore no estimate is given, as the figures might appear fantastic."

PROPOSED WAR TAX WILL HIT PEOPLE WIDELY

Commercial Paper, Messages,
Gasoline, Liquors, Theaters
to Feel It

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16.—The proposed internal revenue measure to raise an emergency fund of \$100,000,000 annually followed the general lines of the Spanish war tax on checks, drafts and commercial and legal paper, telegraph and telephone messages, bankers' and brokers' theater tickets, gasoline, tobacco, wines, beer, liquors, etc.

INCOME TAX IS BIG SOURCE OF U. S. REVENUE

An increase of \$35,584,440.11 in the 1914 collections of the internal revenue department of the United States government is noted, according to the preliminary report submitted to the secretary of the treasury by W. H. Osborn, U. S. internal revenue commissioner. A copy of this preliminary report reached the Honolulu internal revenue office yesterday.

The report shows the effect of the new income tax. The corporation excise tax imposed brought into Uncle Sam's coffers the sum of \$10,871,077.22, the corporation income tax brought \$22,456,662.67 and the individual income tax produced a revenue of \$23,253,534.80; a total from this source in the present year being \$36,581,274.69. This is an increase of more than 100 per cent from the preceding year, the actual increase being \$36,574,974.85. At the same time the report shows a decrease in other, or ordinary collections, of \$790,584.74, the total receipts from this source in the present year being \$308,627,519.27.

SUGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 16.—Sugar, 95 degrees test, 6.02 cents. Previous quotation, 6.25 cents.

PLAN MANDAMUS SUIT TO SETTLE G. O. P. ELECTION

Many Republican Nominees
for Legislature Hold They
are Elected.

High Sheriff Jarrett will probably be mandamus to issue certificates of election to four Republican nominees for the house of representatives as a result of the Republican claim that these four candidates—C. H. Cooke, D. P. E. Leach, Norman Watkins and W. T. Rawling—received a majority of all the ballots cast for the office in the primary last Saturday and under the new law are elected outright.

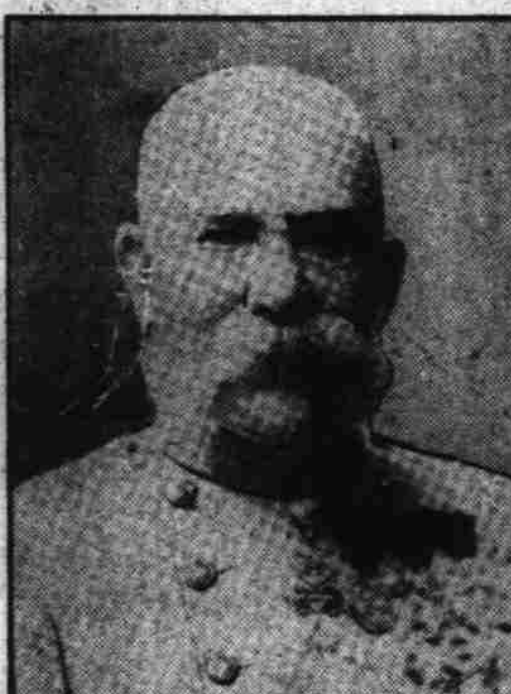
"At the same time it is entirely probable that some successful Republican candidates for the legislature on the other islands will take similar action to get their elections declared accomplished."

Under the law the high sheriff in this county and the sheriffs of the other counties issue the certificates of election to successful candidates in the general election. It being held by the Republicans that members of the legislature can be chosen outright at the primary, they are planning to bring legal action if necessary to secure their certificates of election now.

A whole raft of nice legal questions, the kind that the deep-thinking attorneys revel in, are brought up by the present situation. Several of the knotty points were spoken of yesterday. One that is discussed today is: If the Republican candidates who receive a majority of the votes cast are declared elected and their names do not go on the official ballot in November, will only the names of the candidates not receiving a majority go on the ballot? Or will the names of the candidates next highest, but not nominated in the primary also go on the ticket? At first sight this question looks almost foolish, but it is pointed out by legal authority that it may have to be considered seriously. It looks certain now that the supreme court will have to pass on these questions and the party leaders hope they can be settled within the next two weeks, before the active campaigning for the general election is started.

The Young People's Society of the Christian Endeavor of Central Union church invites its members and their friends to a social to be held in the parish house Friday, September 18.

HAPSBURG CURSE STILL HANGS OVER AUSTRIA



Archduke Charles Francis (above), heir apparent to the throne of Austria, whose capture by the Allies is momentarily expected, and (below) Franz Josef, aged monarch of Austria, who is reported to be near death.

REFINERIES IN CALIFORNIA ARE GIVEN IMPETUS

The San Francisco Examiner of September 9 says:

Not in many years has the sugar refining business received such an impetus as has followed the announcement of the Interstate Commerce Commission that eastbound freight rates must be reduced to a point which will enable California refiners to get the business of Chicago and the surrounding territory.

The new rate schedules are being prepared and will be ready about October 15.

Both of the local refining companies are preparing for a tremendous increase of business.

The Western Refinery in San Francisco is being given much additional capacity.

Capacity is increased. The refining capacity of the California-Hawaiian Company at Crockett is being increased from 375,000 to 575,000 tons annually.

Not only will all of the Hawaiian sugar be refined here—much of it now going to New York—but the refiners are confident that some Philippine, Japan and Peruvian sugars will be drawn on to meet the demand.

The change means the employment of many hundreds more men, both in the refineries and on the railroads to carry the sugar eastward. It means that many millions of dollars annually will be handled here that hitherto has gone through New York and New Orleans. It means that California will refine the cane sugar and that the West will produce the best sugar for about 25,000,000 American people.

Boundary is extended. Hitherto the eastward boundary of the distribution of California sugar has been at the Missouri river. The Interstate Commission, by reducing the rate on sugar into the Chicago territory from 60 to 48 cents a hundred, has sent the line as far eastward as the western edge of Indiana.

The commission held that rates which would require Hawaiian sugar to be transported to New York and thence shipped as far west as the Chicago territory could not be maintained. The new business that is open is: Chicago and most of Illinois; the western edge of Indiana; Wisconsin, most of Michigan and Minnesota. All of the Iowa trade will be supplied from here and a portion of that of Missouri.

M'CARN TRIAL STARTS THIS A. M. FOUR JURYMEN ARE ACCEPTED

With the circuit courtroom graced by an array of prominent attorneys and trial jurymen to the number of 19, but with a sparse gathering of spectators, the trial of United States District Attorney Jeff McCarn, under indictment by the territorial grand jury on a charge of having assaulted Claudius H. McBride with a dangerous weapon, this morning was commenced before Judge William L. Whitney. The entire morning was given over to the examination of jurymen, and indications are that the jury will have been completed by tomorrow noon.

Of the jurymen present the first 12 drawn for examination were S. F. Nott, A. L. Bushnell, C. H. Huestace, P. E. Steere, W. E. Heine, E. K. Kaai, Clifford Spitzer, J. C. Evans, C. H. Neiper, C. N. Marquez, R. G. Moore and R. L. Auerbach. Three of the jurors—S. F. Nott, R. W. Perkins and R. G. Moore—asked that they be excused owing to urgent business matters, the privilege being extended only to Perkins.

S. F. Nott was the first jurymen to be examined, he being passed for cause by both prosecution and defense after one hour and 55 minutes of questioning. At the conclusion of the examination by the defense Attorney J. Lightfoot, one of the counsel for the defendant, challenged the jurymen for cause, on the ground that Mr. Nott stated that, after reading of the McCarn matter in the newspapers and discussing it, he had formed an opinion regarding the guilt or innocence of the district attorney. Judge Whitney, however, denied the challenge. Upon being questioned by J. W. Cathcart, city and county attorney, Nott said that the verdict which he would render would be based solely upon the evidence brought out in the trial.

Andrew L. Bushnell, Charles H. Huestace and Frederick E. Steere were passed for cause by both prosecution and defense after brief examination. The defendant, challenged the jurymen stated that they had formed an opinion in the matter and that they were in a position to render a fair and impartial verdict. Attorney Lightfoot took occasion to refer to local daily newspapers in his examination for the defense, and in-variably asked the question: "Have you read the accounts of the McCarn case in the daily newspapers?" and "do you believe what those papers say?"

Counsel for the defense questioned largely along the line of the jurymen's acquaintance with Mr. Cathcart, Special Assistant L. Andrews, Claudius McBride and Jeff McCarn. He asked the jurymen whether they were prejudiced against McCarn because of his action regarding the Mahuka site, regarding prize fights and his attitude toward the "white slave act." In one instance, when he asked Nott regarding his relations with Attorney Andrews, he wanted to know if he was a member of the same political party as the attorney; if he was a member of the same political committee. He also asked another jurymen if he was prejudiced against the district attorney because the latter is a Democrat. These questions were answered in the negative.

The question of any of the jurymen being connected with, or having attended prize fights in Honolulu, which was hotly debated during the drawing of the federal grand jury which indicted Mr. McCarn, was brought out on but two occasions, and then dealt with but briefly.

Of the four jurymen examined this morning, all were passed for cause, there being no objections. At the commencement of the trial Judge Whitney set the daily hours for the trial from nine until 12:30 o'clock.

The jury panel drawn for the McCarn trial is composed of Andrew L. Bushnell, John B. Searle, Samuel F. Nott, Charles H. Huestace, J. H. Underwood, William E. Heine, Ernest K. Kaai, R. W. Perkins, R. G. Moore, C. N. Marquez, William H. Stone, Clifford Spitzer, Samuel A. Baldwin, John C. Evans, R. L. Auerbach, Harvey A. Pearson, Carl H. Nieper and Walter Rycroft.

Among those present at the trial this morning were M. A. Thomas, special assistant to the U. S. attorney general; J. Lightfoot, A. S. Himmelfarb and J. Alfred Macdon, attorneys for McCarn; Jeff McCarn, Attorney L. Andrews, special assistant to the attorney general of the territory, and J. W. Cathcart, city and county attorney.

FIRST VESSEL WEST THROUGH BIG CANAL IS LOCAL ARRIVAL

The first commercial cargo to pass from the Atlantic to the Pacific through the Panama canal was carried in the American-Hawaiian freighter Missourian which this morning arrived at Honolulu.

Captain William Lyons, master, was loud in his praise of the efficiency displayed in the handling of large vessels at the new waterway. The Missourian was nine hours in passing through the canal, one hour and seven minutes being spent in the series of three locks, at which time the Missourian, representing a displaced meat of 13,000 tons, was raised 30 feet in six minutes.

"There is never a hitch in the handling of vessels at Panama canal," stated Captain Lyons. "Aided by six electric towing locomotives no time was lost in traversing the canal proper and Gatun lake. From the time of arrival at the Atlantic terminus until quitting Balboa the vessel was in charge of competent pilots."

Captain Lyons stated that slides continue to bring tons of earth and debris into Cucurache, although the dredges keep the channel free from obstruction. The American-Hawaiian Arizona followed the Missourian in the canal, the latter vessel drawing a record depth of 30 feet. The Missourian completed its passage from New York to Los Angeles in 17 days.

After its discharge of mainland cargo the Missourian will remain in the islands for ten days to load 11,000 tons of sugar destined for New York.

JAMES A. SULLIVAN, NOTED IN AMATEUR SPORTS, DIES IN N. Y.

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless.]
NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 15.—James A. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union and one of the best-known men in the world of amateur sport, died in a hospital here today. He was operated on last Monday for intestinal complications.

MONUMENTS

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KAHUKU BALLOT BAG OPENED BUT NO CHANGE SHOWN IN THE RESULTS

In the chamber of Chief Justice A. G. M. Robertson, City and County Clerk David Kalanokalani this morning opened the ballot bag from the fourth precinct of the fifth district and extracted the official returns, which had been sealed with the ballots by the election inspectors at Kahuku.

Within the bag were the several envelopes containing the official figures on the voting in that precinct, and opening the one addressed to him, Clerk Kalanokalani found that the figures were similar to those telephoned to him immediately after the count was finished out there. Hence the figures already given out are found true, and no change is made in the totals of any candidate.

ITALY HAS HARD TIME IN PRESERVING NEUTRALITY; TROOPS QUELL DISORDERS

[Associated Press service by Federal Wireless.]

ROME, Italy, Sept. 16.—Italian troops have had to be called out to suppress violent demonstrations against neutrality. AUSTRIANS LOSE HEAVILY

ROME, Italy, Sept. 16.—News received here states that General Dankl, the Austrian commander whose army was reported surrounded and in a desperate plight before a large force of Russians, has finally joined with General Auffenberg 33 miles north of Proemysl. They lost 40 per cent of their joint forces in their recent battles and skirmishes.

AUSTRIA CLAIMS BIG VICTORY

VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 16.—The Austrian general staff says that the army of Servians which has invaded Hungary has been defeated along the entire front.

SAYS GERMAN RETREAT IS CRITICAL

PARIS, France, Sept. 16.—The Paris Matin says that the retreating Germans must mark time and fight a second, perhaps a third battle in order to cover their retirement and prevent disastrous congestion of their immense forces.

JAPANESE AEROPLANE DROPS BOMBS

TOKIO, Japan, Sept. 16.—Official announcement says that an aeroplane has dropped bombs in the German barracks at Tsingtau and returned uninjured to the Japanese.

ENGLISHMEN OF HONOLULU MEET TO REORGANIZE

Objects of New Society Will
Seek to Broaden Scope
of Present Work

Britishers and sons of Britishers in Honolulu today are expressing their satisfaction over the outcome of a meeting last night at which time a constitution was adopted changing the name of the British Benevolent Society to the British Association of Hawaii, and providing ways and means for securing new members, broadening the scope and increasing the usefulness in the community of the organization.

Several radical changes in the objects of the organization are brought out in the new constitution, together with the provision that the benevolent feature of the society be retained. The objects follow:

(a) The promotion of British interests among such residents of the Hawaiian Islands as may be British subjects, or from their descent or for other reasons are eligible for membership of this association, in order to obtain a community of social feeling amongst them, with the idea that such societies as St. George's, St. Andrew's, St. Patrick's, or kindred societies as are already formed, or may hereafter be formed, while still preserving their distinctive character, may form part of, or become allied to this association as the central body.

(b) The relief of members of this association, and British subjects or their children, who have no better claim for relief in other quarters, and who may, through no fault of their own, find themselves in distress, and require assistance.

(c) The entertainment of such distinguished visitors to these islands as may be considered proper by the board of directors.

The board of directors and the duties of the board are outlined in Articles V and VI as follows:

"Article V. The board of directors shall consist of a president, a vice-president, a secretary, a treasurer and six other members. The board shall consist so far as is possible of representatives of the various nationalities under the British flag—English, Scotch, Irish, Welsh, Canadian, Australian, etc. Should any society be formed under the auspices of the association it shall have the right to nominate its representative on the board of directors.

"The representative of His Britannic Majesty in these islands shall be, ex-officio, the president. The vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and board of directors shall be elected at the annual general meeting and shall serve for one year. Officers and members of the board of directors are eligible for reelection.

"Article VI. The board of directors shall manage the affairs of the association, and shall meet at least once quarterly at the call of the secretary whose duty and that of the treasurer will be to present general and financial reports for the three months preceding, when the conduct of the

(Continued on page four)

HONOLULU GIRL IN TURKEY SEES PLANS FOR WAR

Stanley Stephenson's Daugh-
ter Writes of How Conflict
Affects Missionaries

That Turkey was prepared for entry into the European war more than a month ago is declared in a letter written from Constantinople by a Honolulu girl. The letter was received by recent mail by Stanley Stephenson, and it is written by his daughter, Gladys, who is engaged in mission work in Smyrna.

The letter contains first-hand news of how war affects the missionaries in Turkey, graphically told. Writing under date of August 9 the writer says:

Bible House, Constantinople, Turkey, Aug. 9, 1914. My Dear Dad:

Ten chances to one you'll never get this letter. For two weeks we've been cut off entirely from the outside world.

(Continued on page four)

MAKAWELI WILL PAY INCREASE OF \$165,000

Hawaiian Sugar Company, operating Makaweli plantation, will pay dividends for this year \$165,000 in excess of what was coming under the present rate of 20c a share monthly. This increase will be made up of 10c added to the regular monthly dividend beginning on October 15 and an extra dividend of 80c a share payable along with the first increased monthly dividend. Notice of the increased dividend, and the payment of the extra dividend was given by Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd., to the stock exchange this morning.

Following a decline of 1/4 point yesterday, the first sale of Hawaiian Sugar recorded today showed an advance of 1/4 to 38 for 5 shares, followed by an advance of 1/4 for 75 shares, all between boards, and an equal gain on the board for 5 shares, making the closing quotation 39.

Olaa was steady at 7 for 100 shares reported and 20 on the board. McBryde held 6 1/2 for a total of 515 shares reported, none selling at session. Oahu opened unchanged at 21 1/4 for an aggregate of 337 shares, gaining 1/4 for 150 and closing steady at 21 1/4 on the board for 50 shares. Hawaiian Commercial had sales between boards of 35 shares at yesterday's closing price and of 115 shares at 1/4 point advance to 37 1/4. Olaa sold down 1/4 point to 24 for a total of 156 shares in recess.

Pineapple was steady at 32 1/2 for a total of 135 shares. Oahu Sugar sales gained 1/4 in a sale of \$4000 at 98, while Honolulu Gas fires were steady at 99 for \$10,000. On the board, besides sales already mentioned, Olaa sales showed a gain of 10 points in a sale of \$1000 at 95.